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CLAIMS

1. A switching regulator that is a step-down switching regulator for converting a voltage applied on an input terminal to a predetermined voltage and outputting the predetermined voltage from an output terminal, said switching regulator comprising:

a switching transistor formed from a PMOS

transistor configured to switch ON or switch OFF output

10 of the input voltage according to a control signal input
to a control electrode;

a smoothing circuit configured to smooth the output voltage from the switching transistor and output the smoothed voltage to the output terminal;

a selection circuit configured to control connection of a substrate gate of the switching transistor according to the input control signal; and

a switching transistor control circuit configured to control a switching operation of the switching transistor so that the voltage output from the output terminal becomes the predetermined voltage;

wherein

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the selection circuit connects the substrate gate to a drain of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is less than or equal to

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the voltage on the output terminal, and connects the substrate gate to a source of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is greater than the voltage on the output terminal.

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2. The switching regulator as claimed in claim 1, further comprising:

a selection control circuit that compares the voltage on the input terminal to the voltage on the output terminal, and controls the selection operation of the selection circuit according to a comparison result;

wherein

the selection control circuit controls the selection circuit to connect the substrate gate to the drain of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is less than or equal to the voltage on the output terminal, and controls the selection circuit to connect the substrate gate to the source of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is greater than the voltage on the output terminal.

- 3. The switching regulator as claimed in claim 1, wherein
- 25 the selection operation of the selection

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circuit is controlled by an external selection control circuit according to the voltage on the input terminal and the voltage on the output terminal so that the selection circuit is controlled to connect the substrate gate to the drain of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is less than or equal to the voltage on the output terminal, and connect the substrate gate to the source of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is higher than the voltage on the output terminal is higher than the

- 4. The switching regulator as claimed in claim 2, further comprising:
- a switching circuit that connects a gate of

 the switching transistor to the drain of the switching

 transistor;

wherein

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when the voltage on the input terminal is less than or equal to the voltage on the output terminal,

- 20 based on a control signal from the selection control circuit, the switching circuit connects the gate of the switching transistor to the drain of the switching transistor while the switching transistor control circuit stops output of the control signal to the gate of the
- 25 switching transistor; and

when the voltage on the input terminal is

greater than the voltage on the output terminal, based on
the control signal from the selection control circuit,
the switching circuit disconnects the gate of the

switching transistor from the drain of the switching
transistor while the switching transistor control circuit
outputs the control signal to the gate of the switching
transistor.

- 5. The switching regulator as claimed in claim
 4, wherein the switching circuit includes a field effect
 transistor (FET).
- 6. The switching regulator as claimed in claim
 15 1, wherein the selection circuit includes a field effect
 transistor (FET).
 - 7. The switching regulator as claimed in claim 4, wherein the smoothing circuit includes a
- 20 synchronization rectification transistor that is connected to the switching transistor in series and is controlled by the switching transistor control circuit to be switched on or switched off,

wherein

25 the switching transistor, the synchronization

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rectification transistor, the selection circuit, the selection control circuit, the switching transistor control circuit, and the switching circuit are integrated into one IC chip.

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8. The switching regulator as claimed in claim
4, wherein the smoothing circuit includes a
synchronization rectification transistor that is
connected to the switching transistor in series and is
controlled by the switching transistor control circuit to
be switched on or switched off,

wherein

the switching transistor, the synchronization rectification transistor, the selection circuit, the

15 switching transistor control circuit, and the switching circuit are integrated into one IC chip.

9. A power supply circuit, comprising:

one or more step-down switching regulators

20 configured to convert a voltage applied on an input
terminal to a predetermined voltage and output the
predetermined voltage from an output terminal; and
one or more linear regulators;

the switching regulator includes

wherein

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a switching transistor formed from a PMOS transistor configured to switch ON or switch OFF output of the input voltage according to a control signal input to a control electrode;

a smoothing circuit configured to smooth the output voltage from the switching transistor and output the smoothed voltage to the output terminal;

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a first selection circuit configured to control connection of a substrate gate of the switching transistor according to the input control signal, the first selection circuit connecting the substrate gate to a drain of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is less than or equal to the voltage on the output terminal, and connecting the substrate gate to a source of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is greater than the voltage on the output terminal; and

a switching transistor control circuit configured to control a switching operation of the switching transistor so that the voltage output from the output terminal becomes the predetermined voltage.

- 10. The power supply circuit as claimed in claim 9, wherein the linear regulator comprises:
- 25 a voltage control transistor that includes a

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PMOS transistor configured to control a current from the input terminal to the output terminal to control the voltage on the output terminal;

a second selection circuit configured to

5 control connection of the substrate gate of the voltage control transistor;

a second switching transistor control circuit configured to control a switching operation of the switching transistor so that the voltage output from the output terminal becomes the predetermined voltage;

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a second selection control circuit that controls the selection operation of the selection circuit according to the voltage on the input terminal and the voltage on the output terminal, the second selection circuit connecting the substrate gate to a drain of the voltage control transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is less than or equal to the voltage on the output terminal, and connecting the substrate gate to a source of the voltage control transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is greater than the voltage on the output terminal; and

a voltage control transistor control circuit configured to control the voltage control transistor so that the voltage output from the output terminal becomes the predetermined voltage.

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11. The power supply circuit as claimed in claim 9, wherein the switching regulator further comprises:

a first selection control circuit that
compares the voltage on the input terminal to the voltage
on the output terminal, and controls the selection
operation of the first selection circuit according to a
comparison result;

10 wherein

the first selection control circuit controls
the first selection circuit to connect the substrate gate
to the drain of the switching transistor when the voltage
on the input terminal is less than or equal to the

15 voltage on the output terminal, and controls the first
selection circuit to connect the substrate gate to the
source of the switching transistor when the voltage on
the input terminal is greater than the voltage on the
output terminal.

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12. The power supply circuit as claimed in claim 9, wherein

the selection operation of the first selection circuit is controlled by an external selection control circuit according to the voltage on the input terminal

and the voltage on the output terminal so that the first selection circuit is controlled to connect the substrate gate to the drain of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is less than or equal to the voltage on the output terminal, and connect the substrate gate to the source of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is greater than the voltage on the output terminal.

13. The power supply circuit as claimed in claim 11, wherein the switching regulator further comprises:

a switching circuit that connects a gate of the switching transistor with the drain of the switching transistor;

wherein

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when the voltage on the input terminal is-less than or equal to the voltage on the output terminal, based on a control signal from the first selection control circuit, the switching circuit connects the gate of the switching transistor to the drain of the switching transistor while the switching transistor control circuit stops output of the control signal to the gate of the switching transistor; and

when the voltage on the input terminal is

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greater than the voltage on the output terminal, based on the control signal from the first selection control circuit, the switching circuit disconnects the gate of the switching transistor from the drain of the switching transistor while the switching transistor control circuit outputs the control signal to the gate of the switching transistor.

14. The power supply circuit as claimed in

10 claim 13, wherein the smoothing circuit includes a synchronization rectification transistor that is connected to the switching transistor in series and controlled by the switching transistor control circuit to be switched on or switched off,

15 wherein

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the switching transistor, the synchronization rectification transistor, the first selection circuit, the first selection control circuit, the switching transistor control circuit, the switching circuit, and the linear regulator are integrated into one IC chip.

15. The power supply circuit as claimed in claim 13, wherein the smoothing circuit includes a synchronization rectification transistor connected to the switching transistor in series and controlled by the

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switching transistor control circuit to be switched on or switched off,

wherein

the switching transistor, the synchronization

5 rectification transistor, the first selection circuit,
the switching transistor control circuit, the switching
circuit, and the linear regulator are integrated into one
IC chip.

10 16. A power supply circuit, comprising:

a plurality of step-down switching regulators each configured to convert a voltage applied on an input terminal to a predetermined voltage and output the predetermined voltage from an output terminal,

15 wherein

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each of the switching regulators includes

a switching transistor formed from a PMOS

transistor configured to switch ON or switch OFF output

of the input voltage according to a control signal input

to a control electrode;

a smoothing circuit configured to smooth the output voltage from the switching transistor and output the smoothed voltage to the output terminal;

a selection circuit configured to control connection of a substrate gate of the switching

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transistor according to the input control signal, the selection circuit connecting the substrate gate to a drain of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is less than or equal to the voltage on the output terminal, and connecting the substrate gate to a source of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is greater than the voltage on the output terminal; and

a switching transistor control circuit

10 configured to control a switching operation of the

switching transistor so that the voltage output from the

output terminal becomes the predetermined voltage.

17. The power supply circuit as claimed in

15 claim 16, wherein the switching regulator further

comprises:

a selection control circuit that compares the voltage on the input terminal to the voltage on the output terminal, and controls the selection operation of the selection circuit according to a comparison result;

wherein

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the selection control circuit controls the selection circuit to connect the substrate gate to the drain of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is less than or equal to the voltage on

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the output terminal, and controls the selection circuit to connect the substrate gate to the source of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is greater than the voltage on the output terminal.

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- claim 16, wherein the selection operation of the selection circuit is controlled by an external selection control circuit according to the voltage on the input terminal and the voltage on the output terminal so that the selection circuit is controlled to connect the substrate gate to the drain of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is less than or equal to the voltage on the output terminal, and connect the substrate gate to the source of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal, and connect the substrate gate to the source of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is greater than the voltage on the output terminal.
- 20 19. The power supply circuit as claimed in claim 17, wherein the switching regulator further comprises:

a switching circuit that connects a gate of
the switching transistor with the drain of the switching
transistor;

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wherein

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when the voltage on the input terminal is less than or equal to the voltage on the output terminal, based on a control signal from the selection control circuit, the switching circuit connects the gate of the switching transistor to the drain of the switching transistor while the switching transistor control circuit stops output of the control signal to the gate of the switching transistor; and

greater than the voltage on the input terminal is

greater than the voltage on the output terminal, based on
the control signal from the selection control circuit,
the switching circuit disconnects the gate of the
switching transistor from the drain of the switching
transistor while the switching transistor control circuit
outputs the control signal to the gate of the switching
transistor.

20. The power supply circuit as claimed in
20 claim 19, wherein the smoothing circuit includes a
synchronization rectification transistor that is
connected to the switching transistor in series and is
controlled by the switching transistor control circuit to
be switched on or switched off,

25 wherein

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the switching transistor, the synchronization rectification transistor, the selection circuit, the selection control circuit, the switching transistor control circuit, and the switching circuit are integrated into one IC chip.

21. The power supply circuit as claimed in claim 19, wherein the smoothing circuit includes a synchronization rectification transistor that is connected to the switching transistor in series and is controlled by the switching transistor control circuit to be switched on or switched off,

wherein

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the switching transistor, the synchronization

15 rectification transistor, the selection circuit, the switching transistor control circuit, and the switching circuit are integrated into one IC chip.

- 22. A secondary cell charging circuit,
- including a step-down switching regulator configured to convert a voltage applied on an input terminal to a predetermined voltage and output the predetermined voltage from an output terminal, a secondary cell being connected to the output terminal,
- 25 wherein

the switching regulator comprises:

a switching transistor formed from a PMOS

transistor configured to switch ON or switch OFF output

of the input voltage according to a control signal input

to a control electrode;

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a smoothing circuit configured to smooth the output voltage from the switching transistor and output , the smoothed voltage to the output terminal;

a selection circuit configured to control

connection of a substrate gate of the switching
transistor according to the input control signal, the
selection circuit connecting the substrate gate to a
drain of the switching transistor when the voltage on the
input terminal is less than or equal to the voltage on

the output terminal, and connecting the substrate gate to
a source of the switching transistor when the voltage on
the input terminal is greater than the voltage on the
output terminal; and

a switching transistor control circuit

20 configured to control a switching operation of the

switching transistor so that the voltage output from the
output terminal becomes the predetermined voltage.

23. The secondary cell charging circuit as claimed in claim 22, wherein the switching regulator

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further comprises:

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a selection control circuit that compares the voltage on the input terminal to the voltage on the output terminal, and controls the selection operation of the selection circuit according to a comparison result;

wherein

the selection control circuit controls the selection circuit to connect the substrate gate to the drain of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is less than or equal to the voltage on the output terminal, and controls the selection circuit to connect the substrate gate to the source of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is greater than the voltage on the output terminal.

claimed in claim 22, wherein the selection operation of the selection circuit is controlled by an external selection control circuit according to the voltage on the input terminal and the voltage on the output terminal so that the selection circuit is controlled to connect the substrate gate to the drain of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is less than or equal to the voltage on the output terminal, and connect

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the substrate gate to the source of the switching transistor when the voltage on the input terminal is greater than the voltage on the output terminal.

5 25. The secondary cell charging circuit as claimed in claim 23, wherein the switching regulator further comprises:

a switching circuit that connects a gate of the switching transistor with the drain of the switching transistor;

wherein

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when the voltage on the input terminal is less
than or equal to the voltage on the output terminal,
based on a control signal from the selection control

circuit, the switching circuit connects the gate of the
switching transistor to the drain of the switching
transistor while the switching transistor control circuit
stops output of the control signal to the gate of the
switching transistor; and

when the voltage on the input terminal is

greater than the voltage on the output terminal, based on
the control signal from the selection control circuit,
the switching circuit disconnects the gate of the
switching transistor from the drain of the switching

transistor while the switching transistor control circuit

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outputs the control signal to the gate of the switching transistor.

26. The secondary cell charging circuit as

5 claimed in claim 25, wherein the smoothing circuit
includes a synchronization rectification transistor that
is connected to the switching transistor in series and is
controlled by the switching transistor control circuit to
be switched on or switched off,

10 wherein

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the switching transistor, the synchronization rectification transistor, the selection circuit, the selection control circuit, the switching transistor control circuit, and the switching circuit are integrated into one IC chip.

27. The secondary cell charging circuit as claimed in claim 25, wherein the smoothing circuit includes a synchronization rectification transistor that is connected to the switching transistor in series and is controlled by the switching transistor control circuit to be switched on or switched off,

wherein

the switching transistor, the synchronization 25 rectification transistor, the selection circuit, the

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switching transistor control circuit, and the switching circuit are integrated into one IC chip.